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Week Assignment Software Documentation

Hans-Petter Halvorsen

Week Assignment

- 1. Create System Documentation
- 2. Create User Manual(s)s
 - We shall Make Video(s)
- 3. Make sure to <u>Update Existing</u> <u>Documents</u> (SDP, SRD, STP, STD)
- + Continue with Implementation, Testing and Bug Fixing!! Iteration #3

Next Week: Installation (Deployment) and Installation Guide(s), etc.

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Software Documentation

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Typical Software Documentation



Sharing Documents with Teams

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L Activity	Teams	Y	Team 1 (Home Automation) Posts Files Backlog Taskboard Rapport +						
E Chat	Your teams		+ New ∨ 〒 Upload ♀ Sync ☜ Copy link 🛓 Download + Add cloud storage 🔹 Open in SharePoint						
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	General								
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	Team 2 (Web Shop) 🛆								
	Team 3 (Machine Learning) 🛆								

Document Location?

- We will use **Azure DevOps** to store and share Project Planning and Source Code
- While Working documents should be stored in Microsoft Teams to make it easy for the Team to work on the same documents simultaneously in real time.
- PDF documents should also be uploaded to your HTML Web Site (Your "Final Report")
- We should also share Release/Final Documents (Word files, Excel files, Visio files, etc.) in Azure DevOps (In case you need to update a specific document for a specific release)



Software Project Documentation

Documentation produced during a software Project can be divided into **2 Categories**:

- <u>Process</u> Documentation
 - These documents record the process of development and maintenance, e.g., Plans (Software Development Plan, Software Test Plan, ...), Schedules (e.g., Gantt Charts), etc.

<u>Product</u> Documentation

- These documents describe the product that is being developed. Can be divided into 2 sub categories:
 - <u>System</u> Documentation
 - Used by engineers developing and maintaining the system
 - <u>User</u> Documentation
 - Used by the people that is using the system

Software Documentation Categories Project Documentation Process **Documentation** Product Documentation Project Plan, Gant Chart, Meeting Documents, Requirements & Design documentation, Emails, Test documents, other kind of Working Documents, etc. System User Documentation Documentation Installation Guides Technical Documentation needed in User Manual, Wikis, Online order to maintain the software, etc. Help, etc.

Software **Process** Documentation

- 1. Software Development Plan (SDP)
- Software Requirements Specifications (SRS)
- 3. Software Design Documents (SDD)
- 4. Software Test Plan (STP)/Software Test Documents (STD)
- Those we are "Finished" with
- Next Step is to create the Product Documentation

Software Documentation Categories Project Documentation Process **Documentation Product Documentation** Project Plan, Gant Chart, Meeting Documents, Requirements & Design documentation, Emails, Test documents, other kind of Working Documents, etc. System User Documentation Documentation Installation Guides Technical Documentation needed in User Manual, Wikis, Online order to maintain the software, etc. Help, etc.

Software Documentation Requirements

- Should act as a communication medium between members of the Development Team (Process Documentation)
- Information respository used by Maintenance Engineers (Product Documentation)
- Information for Management to help them Plan, Budget and Schedule the Software Development Process (Process Documentation)
- Some of the documents should tell users how to use and administer the system (Product Documentation)
- Documents for Quality Control, System Certification, etc. (Process/Product Documentation)

=> Satisfying these requirements requires different types of documents from informal working documents through professionally produced User Manuals

User Documentation Readers

- Users of a system are not all the same.
- The producer of documentation must structure it to cater for different user tasks and different levels of expertise and experience.
- It is particularly important to distinguish between end-users and system administrators:
- **1.** End-users use the software to assist with some task.
 - This may be flying an aircraft, managing insurance policies, writing a book, etc. They want to know how the software can help them. They are not interested in computer or administration details.
- 2. System Administrators are responsible for managing the software used by end-users.
 - This may involve acting as an operator if the system is a large mainframe system, as a network manager is the system involves a network of workstations or as a technical guru who fixes end-users software problems and who liaises between users and the software supplier.

Document Checklist

#

9

10

11

When writing documents, they should have a minimum standard when it comes to formatting, layout, numbering, the way you write, etc. Make sure that your documents fulfill all the items in the list below before you deliver it.

Item

Document Checklist

1	I have included a separate Title page with a Title (that makes sense for the						
	reader of the document) and your Name. Typically, a Date is also appropriate		regarding the source. I have also obtained necessary permission from the				
	to include.		owner in those cases where this is needed.				
2	My Headings/Chapters are using numbering, e.g., "1 Heading1", "1.1	12	I prefer to make and use my own Figures and Sketches because it is				
	Heading2", etc. In that way it is so much easier to find a specific chapter and to		important to tailor made Figures and Sketches, so they are in the context of				
	see the structure of the document		my work. If I have based my Figures and Sketches on others, I have of course				
3	I also use the built-in Styles "Heading1", "Heading2" and "Heading3" included		referred to the original Figure in the text and explaining that it is a modified				
	in MS Word. I can of course select "Modify" to adjust them to my needs	13	For each Table I have added a Table number and Table title ABOVE the Table	+			
	(unless you are using a Template that should not be changed)	1	e.g., "Table 3-4: PID Parameters for selected Tuning methods". Lalso always				
4	I have made a System Sketch typically in the Introduction (or the Problem		do this immediately after I have inserted the Table (not later) since it takes				
	Description) chapter. A system sketch gives the user an overview of the system		just a few seconds to do this. It also looks better when the Table is centered.				
	and the relationship between different parts of the system using basic squares,	14	For each Table I have referred to that Table in the text, e.g., "In Table 3-4 we				
	rounds, arrows, etc. I can use any tool I prefer for this, but with PowerPoint		see the PID parameters for the different tuning methods used in this project,				
	you can make such a sketch in a minute or two and then directly copy it into		these tuning methods"	+ '			
	my document.	15	I am using the Built-in features inside MS Word when making Figure / lable		26	I am not using any "strong" colors except for e.g., alarm handling or other	
5	I always start each Chapter and Subchapter with a short introduction text		referring to those in the text (in the "Beferences" tab select "Cross-			situations that require "strong" colors	
	before I present any Figures, Tables, a list of bullet points, etc.		reference"). In that way my numbering will always be correct even if I add		27	I have used proper names and labeling for my VIs (NOT like "Form1", "Peters	
6	I have NOT used any Figures, Tables or directly copied Equations from the		more Figures or Tables in between later.			PID Controller"), variables (NOT "Numeric Control" but e.g., "Temperature"),	
	resources given by the supervisor since I don't learn anything doing this. I have	16	The Equations are centered and have an Equation number that is right			user interface objects (NOT "Waveform Chart" but e.g., "Temperature Chart"),	
	made my own Figure, Sketches, Tables, etc. where I show how I understands it		centered, e.g.,			etc.	
	and, in that way, presenting my work (not others).		y = ax + b (2-1)		28	The results of my work are discussed, e.g., "The Skogestad tuning gives better	
7	The Figures I have inside my document is of high quality and I can see all the			<u>+</u>		control performance than the Ziegler-Nichols method when used in the	
	neces					ulator" and/or something like this: "The results from the simulations	

It is good idea to make (or use) a "Document Checklist" to make sure that you don't deliver documents with basic and obvious mistakes. Use it as a basic Quality Control before you send the document to others (Its almost like Unit Testing but for the different items inside a document instead of your source code). Make sure to update the SDP so the Team Members know where to find the Document Checklist

ОК

in Table 3-4 shows that the control system works fine when applying a ponse. The performance is also good when applying noise to the

een the "Big picture", meaning I have not focused on unnecessary r included very basic stuff, nor am I talking about "Task 1", "Task 2",

ces have been included since I use information from other sources assignment or information provided by the supervisor. In addition to rence list itself, I have inside the report where the source is used to the reference using a number, e.g., [2], e.g., "From [2] we know re are a linear relationship between the voltage and the temperature degrees Celsius."

T adding any "manual" space (by hitting Enter button more than side my report. Instead I have used "Modify Style" then selected ", then "Paragraph" and finally setting "Spacing" ("Before" and

ead the entire document and I have found no obvious mistakes. mistakes, etc.

have generated the final PDF file. I have opened it and read through the entire text and have not been able to find obvious mistakes, spelling mistakes, etc. I have also checked that there are none "Reference not found...". etc.

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System

Documentation

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- Create System Documentation for your Systems
- It can be one or more documents
- Tip: Make a copy of your SRS/SDD (->SRD) and take it from there (Rename, Add, Delete, Change contents, etc.).



Point of no Return

AHEAD

Product Documentation

Process Documentation

Project Start

Project End

From this point you should not update the "SRD" document. You only update the "System Documentation", i.e., the focus is writing and finishing the "Product Documentation" and not the "Process Documentation"

The point of no return is the point beyond which one must continue on one's current course of action because turning back is physically impossible, prohibitively expensive, or dangerous





- How the System Works (Technical), i.e. use the Requirements & Design as base.
- Requirements & Design Documents is about how it should (planned to) be, while System Documentation is about how it became
- Includes Technical Design and Platform Overview, Database Diagram, UML diagrams, CAD drawings, Code Documentation, Flow Charts, with explanations, etc.
- How to deploy (how to install server-side logic), maintain, etc.
- Code Documentation, Unit Testing Documentation



- System documentation includes all of the documents describing the system itself from the requirements specification to the final acceptance test plan.
- Documents describing the design, implementation and testing of a system are essential if the program is to be understood and maintained.
- Like user documentation, it is important that system documentation is structured, with overviews leading the reader into more formal and detailed descriptions of each aspect of the system.

Implementation and Code

- Documentation of the Code is an important part of the System Documentation
- Unit Testing should also be part of the System Documentation

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User Manual/Guide

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User Manual/Guide

- Create one or more User Manuals for your System
- You typically create one User Manual for each Module
- It can be an ordinary Word/PDF File, or it ^l can be online help (Web, HTML), Video(s), etc.
 - We shall create Video(s)







User Manual

Video



- User Guide.mp4
 To Do:
 Action: Make one or more Videos where you go through your Software and give an overview and explain how to use your Software.
- <u>Targeted Audience</u>: The End-user of the Software
- <u>Output</u>: MP4 Video File(s)
- <u>Location</u>: Embed your Videos in your HTML Web Site and possibly a link within your software

User Manual/Guide

A user guide or user's guide, also commonly known as a manual, is a technical communication document <u>intended to give assistance to people using a particular system</u>. It is usually written by a technical writer, although user guides are written by programmers, product or project managers, or other technical staff, particularly in smaller companies.

The sections of a user manual often include:

- A cover page
- A title page and copyright page
- A preface, containing details of related documents and information on how to navigate the user guide
- A contents page
- A guide on how to use at least the main functions of the system (Text + Screen Shots)
- A troubleshooting section detailing possible errors or problems that may occur, along with how to fix them
- A FAQ (Frequently Asked Questions)
- Where to find further help, and contact details
- A glossary and, for larger documents, an index

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_guide

Our Focus!!

SOMEBODY MAY ACTUALLY READ IT!





BE AWARE !!!



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Update Existing Documents

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Update Existing Documents

Documents created so far:

- Software Development Plan (SDP)
- Software Requirements and Design document (SRD)
- Software Test Plan (STP)
- Software Test Documentation (STD)



 \rightarrow Those are living documents that needs to be updated continuously

 \rightarrow Go through all previous Week Assignments to make sure you have included all necessary information

→ In addition to make sure these documents have the correct contents, they should also have proper formatting (like Figure Numbering, Unified Layout, Intuitive Structure, etc.)

See Next Slides for more details...

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